

# Silence past the peak

Archisman Ghosh  
Nikhef, Amsterdam

8<sup>th</sup> Belgian-Dutch Gravitational Waves Meeting  
Maastricht University, 2019 June 28



## Empirical tests of the black hole no-hair conjecture using gravitational -wave observations

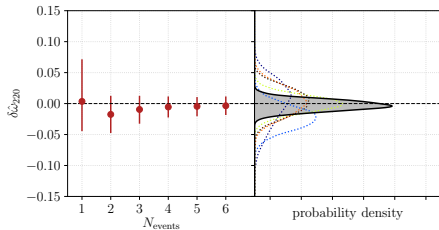
Gregorio Carullo,<sup>1,2,\*</sup> Laura van der Schaaf,<sup>2</sup> Lionel London,<sup>3</sup> Peter T. H. Pang,<sup>4</sup> Ka Wa Tsang,<sup>2</sup> Otto A. Hannuksela,<sup>4</sup>  
Jeroen Meidam,<sup>2</sup> Michalis Agathos,<sup>5</sup> Anuradha Samajdar,<sup>2</sup> Archisman Ghosh,<sup>2</sup> Tjonnje G. F. Li,<sup>4</sup>  
Walter Del Pozzo,<sup>1,6</sup> and Chris Van Den Broeck<sup>2,7</sup>

- Start with GR templates with ringdown. Add systematic QNM deformations:

*Gossan et al. (2011), Meidam et al. (2014)*

$$\omega_{lmn} = \omega_{lmn}^{GR}(1 + \delta\omega_{lmn}), \quad \tau_{lmn} = \tau_{lmn}^{GR}(1 + \delta\tau_{lmn})$$

- With  $\mathcal{O}(5)$  BBH sources similar to GW150914, the systematic departures can be measured with an accuracy of  $\sim 1.5\%$  by the Adv LIGO-Virgo at design sensitivity.

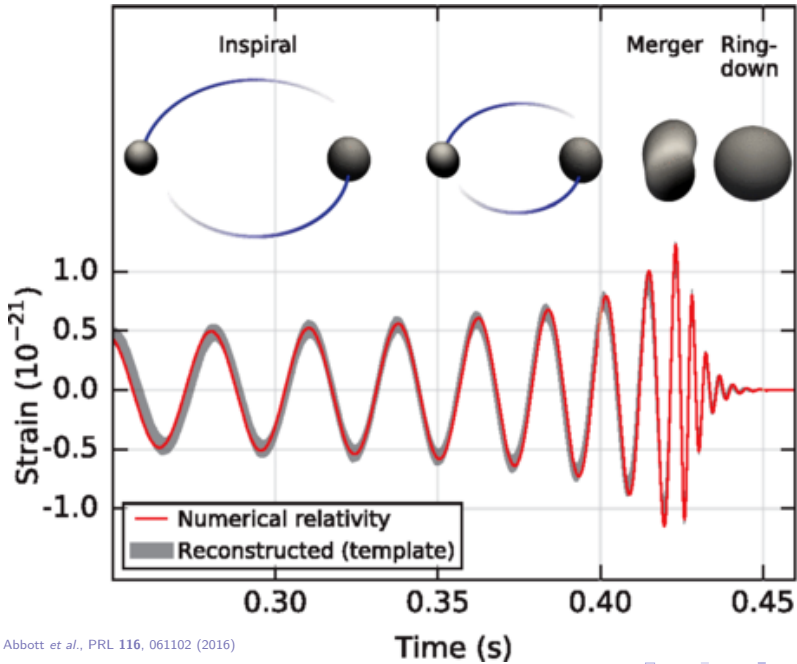


If we observe a  $100 M_{\odot}$ - $60 M_{\odot}$  BBH tomorrow, we can use this algorithm to detect ringdown and start testing the no-hair conjecture!

**A morphology-independent search for gravitational wave echoes in data from the first and second observing runs of Advanced LIGO and Advanced Virgo**

Ka Wa Tsang<sup>1,2</sup>, Archisman Ghosh<sup>1</sup>, Anuradha Samajdar<sup>1</sup>, Katerina Chatziioannou<sup>3</sup>,  
Simone Mastrogiovanni<sup>4</sup>, Michalis Agathos<sup>5</sup>, and Chris Van Den Broeck<sup>1,2</sup>

arXiv:1906.11168v1 [gr-qc] 26 Jun 2019



## Probing the nature of the progenitor and remnant compact objects

*Are they really black holes, or exotic compact objects mimicking black holes?*

Boson stars, dark matter stars, gravastars, shells, wormholes, fuzzballs, . . .

Three “complementary” ways in three different regimes:

- Finite size effects during inspiral.
- No-hair conjecture with **ringdown** quasinormal modes. **THIS TALK**
- Search for post-merger oscillations or **“echoes”**. **THIS TALK**

## Search for “echoes” after the merger

In a large class of exotic compact objects,

Horizon-scale corrections  $\Rightarrow$  secondary bursts of radiation.

Modulated and distorted train of “echoes”.

$$\Delta t = nM \log(M/l)$$

$n=8$ : wormholes

$n=4$ : empty shell

$n=6$ : thin-shell gravastars

Planck-scale corrections can appear relatively soon.

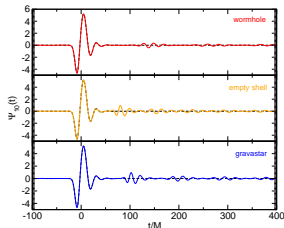
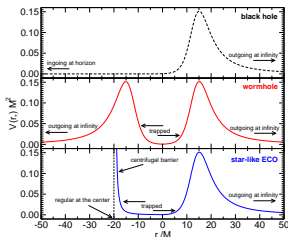
For an event like GW150914,  $\Delta t = \mathcal{O}(100 \text{ ms})$ , at aLIGO design can hope to see first few echoes.

Can search for “echoes” immediately following the binary-merger detection.

Not sufficiently modelled;

Exotic objects not envisaged in literature.

Cardoso et al. (2016)



## Robust features?

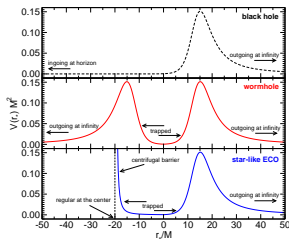
Cardoso et al. (2016)

- Time difference between subsequent echoes.

- A “damping” at each reflection.

- A “phase-shift” at each reflection.

- Some change of the frequency content: “widening”.



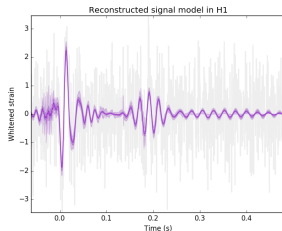
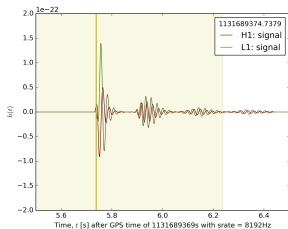
Zachary et al. (2017)

# Model-agnostic search and characterization using BAYESWAVE

- BAYESWAVE: Morlet-Gabor wavelet reconstruction: [Cornish & Littenberg \(2015\)](#)

$$h(t) = \sum_{j=0}^{N_s} \Psi(t; A_j, f_{0j}, \tau_j, t_{0j}, \phi_{0j})$$

$$\Psi(t; A, f_0, \tau, t_0, \phi_0) = A e^{-(t-t_0)^2/\tau^2} \cos(2\pi f_0(t-t_0) + \phi_0)$$



# BAYESWAVE: model selection

detector strain = signal + glitch + gaussian noise

signal model:  $F_{\text{detector}}^+(\theta, \phi, \psi)h_+(t - t_{\text{arr}}) + F_{\text{detector}}^\times(\theta, \phi, \psi)h_\times(t - t_{\text{arr}})$

glitch model: independent sum of wavelets in each detector

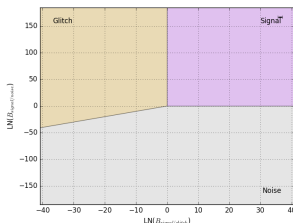
noise model: gaussian noise of given (or measured) PSD

## Bayesian Occam's razor

Favours signal over glitch since it is modelled by fewer parameters.

### Evidence for Signal

$\log(\text{Evidence\_signal} / \text{Evidence\_glitch}) = 36.3 \pm 0.4$   
 $\log(\text{Evidence\_signal} / \text{Evidence\_noise}) = 166.9 \pm 0.3$



## A model-agnostic coherent search for echoes

- Use wavelets that are trains of sine-Gaussians to reconstruct the signal

$$\Psi(t; A_n, f_0, \tau, t_n, \phi_n) = \sum_{n=0}^{N_{\text{echoes}}} A e^{-(t-t_n)^2/\tau_n^2} \cos(2\pi f_0(t - t_n) + \phi_n)$$

With:

$$A_n = \gamma^n A$$

damping

$$\tau_n = w^n \tau$$

widening

$$t_n = t_0 + n\Delta t$$

time between subsequent echoes

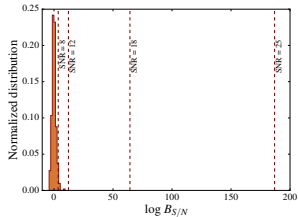
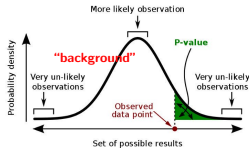
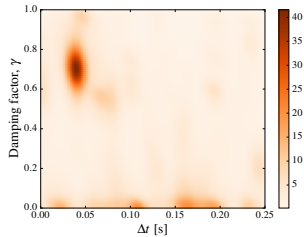
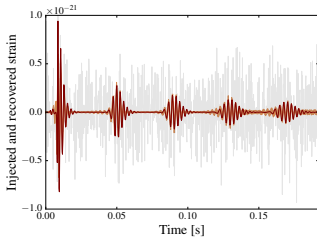
$$\phi_n = \phi_0 + 2\pi f_0 n\Delta t + n\Delta\phi$$

phase shift subsequent echoes



## A morphology-independent data analysis method for detecting and characterizing gravitational wave echoes

Ka Wa Tsang,<sup>1</sup> Michiel Rollier,<sup>1</sup> Archisman Ghosh,<sup>1</sup> Anuradha Samajdar,<sup>1</sup> Michalis Agathos,<sup>2</sup>  
 Katerina Chatziioannou,<sup>3</sup> Vitor Cardoso,<sup>4</sup> Gaurav Khanna,<sup>5</sup> and Chris Van Den Broeck<sup>1,6</sup>

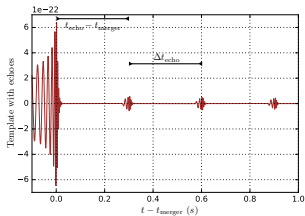


# Results on detections: Prologue

PHYSICAL REVIEW D **96**, 082004 (2017)

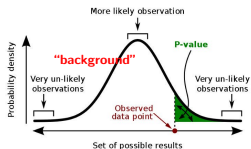
## Echoes from the abyss: Tentative evidence for Planck-scale structure at black hole horizons

Jahed Abedi,<sup>1,2,3,\*</sup> Hannah Dykaar,<sup>4,5</sup> and Niayesh Afshordi<sup>3,5,†</sup>



	Range	GW150914	Combined
$(t_{\text{echo}} - t_{\text{merger}})/\Delta t_{\text{echo}}$	(0.99,1.01)	1.0054	1.0054
$\gamma$	(0.1,0.9)	0.89	0.9
$t_0/\Delta t_{\text{echo}}$	(-0.1,0)	-0.084	-0.1
Amplitude <sup>a</sup>		0.0992	0.124
SNR <sub>max</sub>		4.21	6.96
<b>p-value</b>		0.11	0.011
significance		1.6 $\sigma$	2.5 $\sigma$

2.5 $\sigma$



Event	[21]	original 16s (32s)	widened priors 16s (32s)
GW150914	0.11	0.199 (0.238)	0.705 (0.365)
LVT151012	-	0.056 (0.063)	0.124
GW151226	-	0.414 (0.476)	0.837
GW170104	-	0.725	0.757
(1,2)	-	0.004	0.36
(1,3)	-	0.159	0.801
(1,2,3)	0.011	0.020 (0.032)	0.18 (0.144)
(1,3,4)	-	0.199 (0.072)	0.9 (0.32)
(1,2,3,4)	-	0.044 (0.032)	0.368 (0.112)

1.3 $\sigma$

Westerweck et al. (2018)

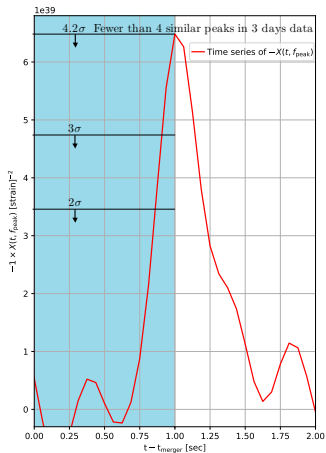
# Echoes from the Abyss: A highly spinning black hole remnant for the binary neutron star merger GW170817

Jahed Abedi<sup>\*</sup>

*Department of Physics, Sharif University of Technology, P.O. Box 11155-9161, Tehran, Iran and  
School of Particles and Accelerators,  
Institute for Research in Fundamental Sciences (IPM)  
P.O. Box 19395-5531, Tehran, Iran*

Niayesh Afshordi<sup>†</sup>

*Perimeter Institute for Theoretical Physics, 31 Caroline St. N., Waterloo, ON, N2L 2Y5, Canada and  
Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, ON, N2L 3G1, Canada*



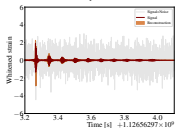
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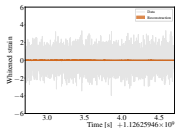
arXiv:1906.11168v1 [gr-qc] 26 Jun 2019

# Reconstructions from injection and all GWTC-1 detections

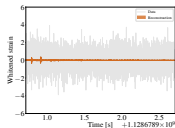
Injection (SNR=12)



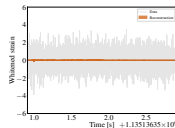
GW150914



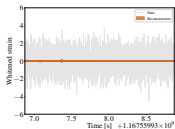
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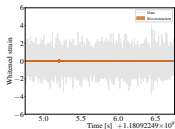
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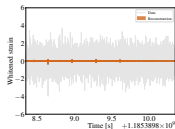
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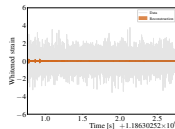
GW170608



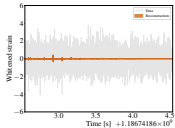
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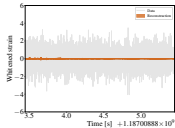
GW170809



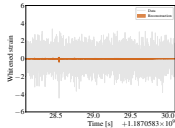
GW170814



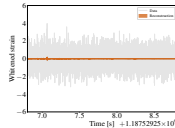
GW170817



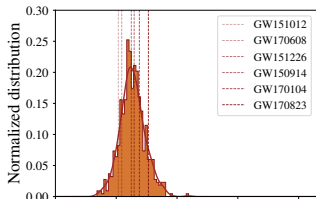
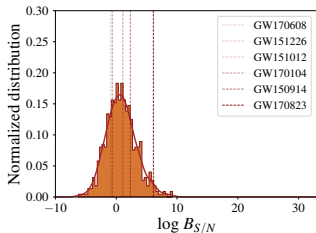
GW170818



GW170823

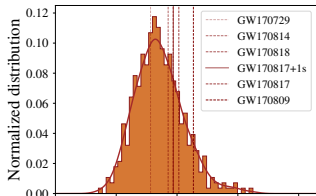
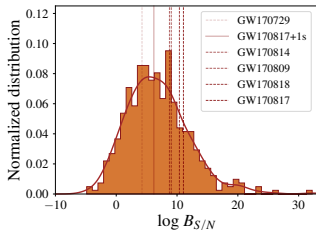


## 2-detector observations



Event	$\log B_{S/N}$	$p_{S/N}$	$\log B_{S/G}$	$p_{S/G}$
GW150914	2.32	0.26	2.95	0.43
GW151012	-0.59	0.70	0.35	0.88
GW151226	-0.67	0.72	2.48	0.53
GW170104	1.09	0.44	3.80	0.28
GW170608	-0.90	0.75	0.90	0.82
GW170823	6.11 $2.1\sigma$	0.03	5.29	0.11
Combined		0.34		0.57

## 3-detector observations



Event	$\log B_{S/N}$	$p_{S/N}$	$\log B_{S/G}$	$p_{S/G}$
GW170729	4.24	0.67	5.64	0.62
GW170809	9.05	0.31	12.69	0.09
GW170814	8.75	0.33	8.54	0.34
GW170817	11.05	0.19	10.30	0.20
GW170817+1s	6.19	0.52	9.39	0.27
GW170818	10.39	0.23	9.36	0.27
Combined		0.47		0.22

## Summary and Outlook

Windows of extremely strong-field gravity.

Probing length scales  $r \sim 3M - r \sim 2M$ .

Postmerger echoes is one possible observable GW signatures ...

No convincing signatures yet ...

but exciting new physics may show up soon!

